

Tables de Multiplication de 1 a 12

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Table de 1

1 x 1	=	1
1 x 2	=	2
1 x 3	=	3
1 x 4	=	4
1 x 5	=	5
1 x 6	=	6
1 x 7	=	7
1 x 8	=	8
1 x 9	=	9
1 x 10	=	10
1 x 11	=	11
1 x 12	=	12

Table de 2

2 x 1	=	2
2 x 2	=	4
2 x 3	=	6
2 x 4	=	8
2 x 5	=	10
2 x 6	=	12
2 x 7	=	14
2 x 8	=	16
2 x 9	=	18
2 x 10	=	20
2 x 11	=	22
2 x 12	=	24

Table de 3

3 x 1	=	3
3 x 2	=	6
3 x 3	=	9
3 x 4	=	12
3 x 5	=	15
3 x 6	=	18
3 x 7	=	21
3 x 8	=	24
3 x 9	=	27
3 x 10	=	30
3 x 11	=	33
3 x 12	=	36

Table de 4

4 x 1	=	4
4 x 2	=	8
4 x 3	=	12
4 x 4	=	16
4 x 5	=	20
4 x 6	=	24
4 x 7	=	28
4 x 8	=	32
4 x 9	=	36
4 x 10	=	40
4 x 11	=	44
4 x 12	=	48

Table de 5

5 x 1	=	5
5 x 2	=	10
5 x 3	=	15
5 x 4	=	20
5 x 5	=	25
5 x 6	=	30
5 x 7	=	35
5 x 8	=	40
5 x 9	=	45
5 x 10	=	50
5 x 11	=	55
5 x 12	=	60

Table de 6

6 x 1	=	6
6 x 2	=	12
6 x 3	=	18
6 x 4	=	24
6 x 5	=	30
6 x 6	=	36
6 x 7	=	42
6 x 8	=	48
6 x 9	=	54
6 x 10	=	60
6 x 11	=	66
6 x 12	=	72

Table de 7

7 x 1	=	7
7 x 2	=	14
7 x 3	=	21
7 x 4	=	28
7 x 5	=	35
7 x 6	=	42
7 x 7	=	49
7 x 8	=	56
7 x 9	=	63
7 x 10	=	70
7 x 11	=	77
7 x 12	=	84

Table de 8

8 x 1	=	8
8 x 2	=	16
8 x 3	=	24
8 x 4	=	32
8 x 5	=	40
8 x 6	=	48
8 x 7	=	56
8 x 8	=	64
8 x 9	=	72
8 x 10	=	80
8 x 11	=	88
8 x 12	=	96

Table de 9

9 x 1	=	9
9 x 2	=	18
9 x 3	=	27
9 x 4	=	36
9 x 5	=	45
9 x 6	=	54
9 x 7	=	63
9 x 8	=	72
9 x 9	=	81
9 x 10	=	90
9 x 11	=	99
9 x 12	=	108

Table de 10

10 x 1	=	10
10 x 2	=	20
10 x 3	=	30
10 x 4	=	40
10 x 5	=	50
10 x 6	=	60
10 x 7	=	70
10 x 8	=	80
10 x 9	=	90
10 x 10	=	100
10 x 11	=	110
10 x 12	=	120

Table de 11

11 x 1	=	11
11 x 2	=	22
11 x 3	=	33
11 x 4	=	44
11 x 5	=	55
11 x 6	=	66
11 x 7	=	77
11 x 8	=	88
11 x 9	=	99
11 x 10	=	110
11 x 11	=	121
11 x 12	=	132

Table de 12

12 x 1	=	12
12 x 2	=	24
12 x 3	=	36
12 x 4	=	48
12 x 5	=	60
12 x 6	=	72
12 x 7	=	84
12 x 8	=	96
12 x 9	=	108
12 x 10	=	120
12 x 11	=	132
12 x 12	=	144

Table de Pythagore

Toutes les multiplications de 1x1 à 12x12 dans un seul tableau

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

Comment lire ce tableau :

Cherche un nombre dans la colonne de gauche, un autre dans la ligne du haut.
Le resultat est a l'intersection. Exemple : ligne 7, colonne 8 = 56.

 = Carres parfaits (diagonale) : 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144